# SET 2016 PAPER – II

## POLITICAL SCIENCE

Signature of the Invigilator

Question Booklet No. 312228

OMR Sheet No.....

Subject Code

1.

31

Roll No.

Max. Marks: 100

No. of pages in this Booklet: 12

Time Allowed: 75 Minutes

No. of Questions: 50

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES**

- 1. Write your Roll No. and the OMR Sheet No. in the spaces provided on top of this page.
- 2. Fill in the necessary information in the spaces provided on the OMR response sheet.
- 3. This booklet consists of fifty (50) compulsory questions each carrying 2 marks.
- 4. Examine the question booklet carefully and tally the number of pages questions in the booklet with the information printed above. Do not accept a damaged or open booklet. Damaged or faulty booklet may be got replaced within the first 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the Question Booklet will be replaced nor any extra time given.
- 5. Each Question has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D) in the OMR sheet. You have to completely darken the circle indicating the most appropriate response against each item as in the illustration.

(A)

B





- 6. All entries in the common OMR response sheet for Papers I and II are to be recorded in the original copy only.
- 7. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.
- 8. Rough Work is to be done on the blank pages provided at the end of this booklet.
- If you write your Name, Roll Number, Phone Number or put any mark on any part of the OMR Sheet, except
  in the spaces allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, or use abusive language or
  employ any other unfair means, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.
- 10. You have to return the Original OMR Sheet to the invigilators at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall. You are, however, allowed to carry the test booklet and the duplicate copy of OMR Sheet on conclusion of examination.
- 11. Use of any calculator, mobile phone or log table etc. is strictly prohibited.
- 12. There is no negative marking.

31-16

Paper-II

CMB-33151

1

# PAPER-II POLITICAL SCIENCE

- 1. A function performed by alliances that pool power of state members to balance or countervail against the power of other states, alliances, or other coalitions is termed as:
  - (A) Collective Defence
  - (B) Collateral Damage
  - (C) Collectivisation
  - (D) Commonwealth
- 2. J.S. Mill considers that "the only purpose for which power can be rightfully exercised over any member of a civilised community, against his will, is to prevent harm to others" in his work:
  - (A) A System of Logic
  - (B) On Liberty
  - (C) The Subjection of Women
  - (D) Three Essays on Religion
- All history can be explained by the conflict between opposing forces, thesis and antithesis. Out of this conflict change emerges through synthesis. This philosophy of the inevitability of change resulting from the struggle of opposites and determined by concrete realities rather than ideas is called:
  - (A) Liberalism
  - (B) Libertarianism
  - (C) Dialectical materialism
  - (D) Social change

4. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer from the code given below:

	List-I		List-II
a.	Preventive	i	To bring hostile
	Diplomácy		parties to agreement
b.	Peacemaking	ii.	Development of
	- katematiy		socio, political
			and economic
			infrastructure
c.	Peacekeeping	iii.	Confidence building
			measures and fact
			finding
d.	Post-conflict	iv.	Deployment of a UN
	peace building		presence in the field
			with the consent of all

parties

#### Code:

	a	b	С	d
(A)	i	i	iii	iv
(B)	i	i	iv	ī
(C)	Ĭ	m	i	iv
(D)	iv	i	ä	iii

- 5. Characteristics of Political Modernisation:
  - 1. Growth of political institutions and development of technique of their functioning
  - 2. Emergence of single secular and national authority
  - 3. Adherence to traditional authorities of power
  - 4. Identification of individual with political system Select the correct answer from the code given below:

- (A) 1, 2 and 3
- (B) 2, 3 and 4
- (C) 1, 3 and 4
- (D) 1, 2 and 4

- 6. The Preamble to the Constitution of India was 9. adopted by the Constituent Assembly:
  - (A) On the first day of its meeting
  - (B) On the day the Fundamental Rights were adopted
  - (C) On the day the Directive Principles of State Policy were approved
  - (D) After the full draft of the Constitution was approved
- 7. A "night-watchman state" or a "minimal state" is a form of government where the state's only legitimate function is the protection of individuals from assault, theft, breach of contract, and fraud. Who among the following advocated this view?
  - (A) Robert Nozick
  - (B) John Rawls
  - (C) Hegel
  - (D) Rousseau
- 8. Given below are two statements, one labeled as Assertion (A) and the other labeled as Reason (R):
  - Assertion (A): Elites always enjoy a high degree of esteem in the eyes of the people because of their outstanding qualities.
  - **Reason (R):** In public life, masses feel that it would be safe to follow the elite.

#### Code:

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true and (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

- 9. The American Constitution of 1787 did not give the Supreme Court of the USA the right of constitutional review. The Supreme Court took this power for itself when it ruled on the case of:
  - (A) Marbury v. Madison, 1803
  - (B) MaCulloch v. Maryland, 1819
  - (C) Gibbons v. Ogden, 1824
  - (D) Schenk v. United States, 1919
- 10. Which of the following features are present in the Indian Constitution?
  - 1. Multiple procedures for amendment
  - 2. States not empowered to initiate amendments
  - Certain amendments have to be passed just by State Legislatures
  - 4. The Joint sittings of Parliament to solve dispute regarding constitutional amendments

Select the correct answer from the code given below:

- (A) land 2
- (B) 1, 2 and 4
- (C) 2, 3 and 4
- (D) 1, 3 and 4
- 11. Balance of Power theory is based on the assumption that:
  - (A) Economic strength is the main determinant of a nation's place in the global political system
  - (B) Nations will form coalitions to prevent the expansion of aggressor states
  - (C) Alliance are inherently unstable because all states are committed to pursuing their own interests
  - (D) National engagement with other states presents greater dangers than opportunities

- A political culture that is characterised by general 15
  ignorance about political objects and consequent lack
  of involvement in political activity is known as:
  - (A) Parochial political culture
  - (B) Civic political culture
  - (C) Subject political culture
  - (D) Parochial-subject political culture
- 13. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer from the code given below:

	List-I		List-II
a.	Unicameral	i	France, India, Italy,
	Legislature		the UK and the USA
b.	Bicameral	ii.	Australia, Canada,
	Legislature		India and Sweden
c.	Judicial Review	iii.	Japan, Ireland,
			Norway, Turkey and
			Portugal
d.	Unitary State	iv.	Denmark, Finland,
	والشنائل		Greece, Israel and
			New Zealand
Co	de:		
	a b c		d

	a	b	c	d
(A)	i	ī	Ē	N
(B)	iii	i	iv	î
(C)	ñ	n	i	N
(D)	iv	i	i	

- 14. The following is not a Neo-Realist scholar of International Relations:
  - (A) Kenneth W. Thompson
  - (B) Richard K. Betts
  - (C) Robert Cox
  - (D) Christopher Layne

# The USA's Towns Document Company of the Sand

- (A) Peaceful coexistence
- (B) Initiating desente process
- (C) Arms Control
- (D) Containment and deterrence
- 16. Given below are two statements, one labeled as Assertion (A) and the other labeled as Reason (R):

Assertion (A): Means and ends are the two sides of a coin.

**Reason(R)**: If we take care of our means, end will take care of itself.

#### Code:

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true and (R) is false.
- (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true.
- 17. Who considered that the State of Nature as prepolitical, but not as pre-moral?
  - (A) Thomas Hobbes
- (B) Jean Bodin
- (C) John Locke
- (D) Austin
- 18. The constitutional validity of a law can be challenged in India on the following grounds. If the subject matter of the legislations:
  - 1. is not within the competence of the legislature, which has passed it
  - 2. is repugnant to the market interests
  - 3. Infringes upon the fundamental rights
  - 4. is repugnant to the provisions of the constitution Select the correct answer from the code given below:

- (A) 1, 3 and 4
- (B) 1, 2 and 4
- (C) 1, 2 and 3
- (D) 2, 3 and 4

- 19. Who considered that an elite does not simply rule by force and fraud, but represents, in some sense, their interests and purposes of influential and important groups in society?
  - (A) Gatano Mosca
  - (B) Vilfredo Pareto
  - (C) Parry Geriant
  - (D) C. Wright Mills
- 20. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer from the code given below:

#### List-II List-I Elimination of nuclear Hague and conventional Conventions ground launched ballistic and cruise missies Laws of War and War Conventions Cimes Treatment of Civilians **INF** Treaty П and Prisoners of War Banning the use of START-II d. MIRVs on ICBMs

#### Code:

a b c d
(A) i ii iii iv
(B) iii i iv ii
(C) ii iii i iv
(D) iv i ii iii

- 21. The State shall not make any law which takes away or abridges the Fundamental Rights. Which one of the following shall not be construed as law for this purpose?
  - (A) Ordinance
  - (B) By-Law
  - (C) Rule
  - (D) Constitutional Amendments

- 22. What are the characteristic features of "Political Democracy" model of political modernization?
  - 1. Legislature
  - 2. Multiplicity or plurality of political parties
  - 3. Participation and protests are restricted
  - 4. Independent judiciary

Select the correct answer from the code given below:

- (A) 1, 2 and 3
- (B) 1, 2 and 4
- (C) 2, 3 and 4
- (D) 1, 3 and 4
- 23. The following is a Marxian belief:
  - (A) The real is the rational and rational is the real
  - (B) Social relations are rooted in the material conditions
  - (C) Economic relations can be understood in the light of the progress of human mind
  - (D) It is human consciousness that determines the social life of man
- 24. Name the state that had signed but not ratified the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test Ban Treaty (CTBT):
  - (A) India
  - (B) USA
  - (C) France
  - (D) United Kingdom
- 25. Who among the following considered that in non-Western societies the political sphere is not sharply differentiated from the spheres of social and personal relations?
  - (A) Samir Amin
  - (B) Lucian W. Pye
  - (C) Robert Dhal
  - (D) Rajani Kothari

- 26. Given below are two statements, one labeled as Assertion (A) and the other labeled as Reason (R):
  - Assertion (A): Through Satyagraha and Ahimsa,
    Gandhi not merely attempted to
    transform the external world but
    also sought freedom from inner
    passions and impulses.
  - Reason (R): Gandhi's concept of Swaraj meant not merely freedom from external constrains but also self-realisation.

#### Code:

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true and (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false but (R) is true
- 27. In the theory of realism of Morgenthau, the autonomy of political sphere denotes:
  - (A) Autonomy of the State in the international sphere
  - (B) Autonomy of the decision-makers vis-a-vis the legislature
  - (C) Autonomy of the political action in complete disregard to other standards of thought
  - (D) Autonomy of the policy makers vis-a-vis other agencies or organs of the government
- 28. Identify the correct statement in relation to Rousseau:
  - (A) Rousseau perfected the theory of social contract
  - (B) Rousseau repudiated the theory of social contract
  - (C) Rousseau transformed the theory of social contract into an idealist mode of political discourse
  - (D) Rousseau added nothing to the theories of Hobbes and Locke beyond combining their views

- 29. In the context of India, communalism is understood as:
  - (A) Serving the community in a benefiting manner
  - (B) Using communal identity for political gains
  - (C) A group of people bound by ethnic feelings
  - (D) Creating friendly relations with the other communities
- 30. The 27th ASEAN (Association of South East Asian Nations) Summit was held at Kuala Lumpur in November 2015. What was the theme of the summit?
  - (A) Our People, Our Community, Our Engagement
  - (B) Our Continent, Our Vision, Our Future
  - (C) Our People, Our Community, Our Vision
  - (D) Towards Sustainable Development of Asia 2030
- 31. What is the correct order of primacy of the following layers of social structure according to the Materialistic Interpretation of History?
  - 1. Relations of production
  - 2. Ideology
  - 3. Forces of production
  - 4. Legal and Political Organisations

Select the correct answer from the code given below:

- (A) 1, 3, 2, 4
- (B) 3, 1, 4, 2
- (C) 3, 4, 1, 2
- (D) 2, 3, 4, 1

32. In relation to Political Socialisation and its agents match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer from the code given below:

#### List-I List-II Educational Interpersonal a. institutions and work agencies places b. **Organisations** Legislature and executive Family and peer Political input iii. C. structures groups Political output Political parties, d. IV. pressure groups and structures trade unions

#### Code:

	a	b	c	d
(A)	i	ï	iii	iv
(B)	ïi	i	iv	i
(C)	i	ī	i	'n
(D)	iv	i	i	Ē

- 33. The essence of Natural Rights is that:
  - (A) They existed in the state of nature and/or not existent in civil society
  - (B) They are derived from a historical state of nature
  - (C) They are the products of nature conceived as concates natus of physical forces
  - (D) They are in conformity with universal principles of justice and morality
- 34. "It is not the consciousness of men that determines their existence, but, on the contrary, their social existence determines consciousness". Which ideology does this statement reflect?
  - (A) Fascism
  - (B) Marxism
  - (C) Liberalism
  - (D) Neoliberalism

- 35. Who argued that in poor societies, democracy has both an instrumental and constructive role to play in promoting development?
  - (A) Mahabub-ul-Haq
  - (B) Amartya Sen
  - (C) Nelson Mandela
  - (D) Jawaharlal Nehru
- 36. Which of the following is incorrectly matched?
  - (A) New Public Administration Dwight Waldo

(C) Str Finar

- (B) Development Administration Fred Riggs
- (C) Comparative Public Administration Elinor
  Ostrom
- D Critical Theory-Jurgen Habermas
- 37. According to Willoughby, the five processes of Public
  - (A) Supervision, Organization, Personnel
    Management, Finance, Material Supply
  - (B) Communication, Decision Making, Leadership, Motivation and Delegation
  - (C) Planning, Organizing, Commanding, Coordinating and Control
  - (D) Technical, Commercial, Financial, Security, Managerial
- 38. Among the following books which was not authored by Paul H. Appleby?
  - (A) Policy and Administration
  - (B) Citizens as Sovereign
  - (C) The Art of Administration
  - (D) Public Administration for a Welfare State

- 39. Who said "Administration is a social science with its own techniques, its own abstractions clustering around the concept of action through human organization and its own problem of theory"?
  - (A) Wallace Donham
  - (B) Woodrow Wilson
  - (C) S.E. Finer
  - (D) Pfiffiner
- 40. Step-by-step decision-making or branch technique was proposed by:
  - (A) Etizioni
  - (B) Lindbolm
  - (C) Kenith Davis
  - (D) Chris Argyris
- 41. Consider the following statements:

**Assertion (A)**: The UPSC's function is not to decide but to advise.

Reason (R): UPSC is a constitutional body.

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not a correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true and (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false but (R) is true
- 42. Riggs typology of 'Agraria-Transitia-Industria' system was later superseded by the typology of:
  - (A) "Fused-Diffracted-Prismatic" Societies
  - (B) "Fused-Prismatic-Diffracted" Societies
  - (C) "Diffracted-Prismatic-Fused" Societies
  - (D) "Diffracted-Fused-Prismatic" Societies
- 43. Which of the following pairs is incorrectly matched?
  - (A) Commission form Statutory
  - (B) Government Company Executive resolution
  - (C) Control Board Statutory
  - (D) Commodity Board Statutory

- 44. Taylor's thought on scientific management centred on the assumption that:
  - (A) The application of the methods of Science, observation, measurement and experimental comparison, to organisational problems leads to higher industrial efficiency
  - (B) The incentive of higher wages will promote the mutuality of interest between workers and management which, in its turn, will lead to higher productivity
  - (C) Both the above
  - (D) None of the above
- 45. Who defined Administration as concerned with the 'What' and the 'How' of the Government?
  - (A) John A. Veig
  - (B) Marshal E. Dimock
  - (C) Pfiffner
  - (D) Willoughby
- 46. Consider the following two statements:
  - Assertion (A): A Government Company form of Public Enterprise is described as a fraud on the Constitution.
  - Reason (R): It evades the constitutional responsibilities, which a state controlled agency has, in a democratic society, to the Government and to the Parliament.

In the context of the above two statements which one of the following is correct?

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not a correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true and (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false but (R) is true

- Control:
  - Nature of Work i
  - Leadership ii.
  - Age of Agency iii.
  - Location of the Organizational units iv
  - (A) i and ii
  - (B) ii and iii
  - (C) iii and iv
  - (D) All the four
- 48. The term 'public administration' was first coined in:
  - (A) 1812, France
  - (B) 1819, USSR
  - (C) 1815, UK
  - (D) 1910, USA

- 47. The main determinants of the degree of Span of | 49. The claim that public administration as science challenged by:
  - (A) D. Waldo
  - (B) Robert Dahl
  - (C) Gulick
  - (D) Simon
  - 'Working Conditions' according to Herzberg is a:
    - (A) Motivation
    - (B) Needless Pursuit
    - (C) Hygiene factor
    - (D) None of the above

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